2

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Figure 1 shows the vernier scale of a vernier calliper.



Figure 1

On the figure, include the main style so that the vernier calliper shows a reading of 3.15cm.

(2 marks)

2.	Explain why weight of an object is a vector quantity.	(1 mark)

3. Figure 2 shows the shape of a bimetallic strip made of metals A and B when heated.

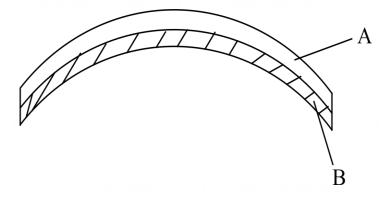


Figure 2

State the reason why the strip appears as shown.	(1 mark)

I.	It is observed that in order to balance a sea-saw, the heavier child sits closer to the p	pivot. State the
	reason for this observation.	(2 marks)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
·.	Explain one way in which a person maintains stability when carrying a bucket of w	ater in one hand.
		(1 mark)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
).	Figure 3 shows a simple hand sanitizer dispenser.	
		Nozle
		/
	Piston	Vent
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		_
	= #=	-
		- Sanitizer
		-
	<u>-=-</u> -	_
	E! 2	
	Figure 3	
	Explain how it works.	(3 marks)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

7. Figure 4 shows a mable that was set into oscillations when released in a bowl.

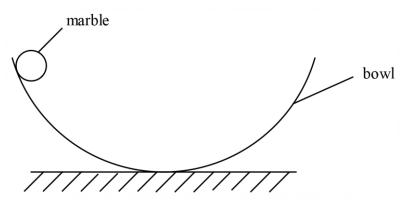


Figure 4

On the axes provided, sketch the velocity-time graph for the motion of the marble in one complete oscillation. (3 marks)



8. State the meaning of the term *viscosity* as used in fluids. (1 mark)

9. A machine raises a mass of 20 kg through a distance of 0.2 m when an effort of 100 N is moved through a distance of 0.32 m. determine the velocity ratio of the machine. (2 marks)

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10.	gas bubble is released at the bottom of a pond containing water. It is observed that as the bubble				
	rises to the water surface, it expands. Explain this observation.	(2 marks)			
11.	A stone of mass 200 g is tied at the end of a string 1 m long is whirled in a horizontal string 1 m long is whirled 1 m long is white 1				
	angular velocity of 10 radians per second. Determine the centripetal force acting	g on the stone.			
		(3 marks)			
12	An object is released into a eureka can full of water. It is observed that the weig				
14,	water is equal the weight of the object. Explain this observation.	(2 marks)			
	water is equal the weight of the object. Explain this observation.	,			
13.	A student observed that smoke particles in a smoke cell move randomly. State v	what:			
	(a) causes this motion;	(1 mark)			
	(b) happens to the motion of the particles if the temperature in the cell is increase				
		(1 mark)			

6

SECTION B (55 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

14. (a)	(i)	State the meaning of the term <i>relative density</i> . (1 1	mark)
	•••••		
	•••••		•••••
	•••••		
	(ii)	State two areas of application of relative density in daily life. (2 1	marks)
(b)		adent blew air into a balloon, tied it up and released it into the air. It floate	d for some time
	but s	lowly descended to the ground and settled.	
	(i)	Explain why the balloon settled on the ground.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	State two ways in which the balloon could be made to keep floating in	the air.
			(2marks)
(c)	A ho	ollow metallic cube of volume 1000 cm ³ is submerged in a liquid of density	y 1100 kgm ⁻³ .
	Dete	rmine the upthrust acting on it. (take g as 10 Nkg ⁻¹)	(3 marks)
	•••••		•••••
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		

15. (a)	During an experiment to verify a certain law, a student was provided w	vith some masses, a
	spring and a metre rule.	
	(i) State the law the student wanted to verify.	(1 mark)
	(ii) State and other enperatus the student needed in order to corry o	out the experiment
	(ii) State one other apparatus the student needed in order to carry o	(1 mark)
	(iii) Explain how the measurements taken during the experiment are	e used to verify the law
	in part (i) above.	(3 marks)
(b)	A load of 0.04 N causes an extension of 0.4 cm on a certain spring. De	termine the load that
	will cause an extension of 0.6 cm on the same spring.	(3 marks)

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(c) A student was provided with a piece of wire and asked to make a spring. After coiling the wire on a rod, the spring appeared as shown in **Figure 5**.

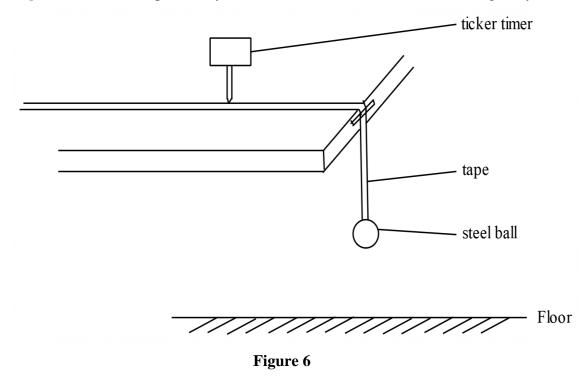


Figure 5

State two ways in which the student can modify the spring to make it stiffer.

(2 marks)

16. (a) Figure 6 shows a setup that may be used to determine acceleration due to gravity.



	ribe how the set up may be used to determine the acceleration du	ie to gravity. (4 marks)			
•••••					
•••••					
•••••					
•••••					
•••••		•••••			
(b)	A stone of mass 0.02 kg tied at the end of a spring is whirled i	n a vertical circle of radius			
(D)	A stone of mass 0.02 kg tied at the end of a spring is whirled in a vertical circle of radius 1.0 m. Determine the minimum velocity required for the stone to maintain circular motion.				
	(acceleration due to gravity is 10 ms^2).	(4 marks			
	(acceleration due to gravity is 10 ms).	(4 marks)			
•••••		•••••			
•••••		•••••			
(c)	State two applications of centripetal force.	(2 marks			
(a)	It is observed that when salt is sprinkled onto the surface of ic				
	It is observed that when salt is sprinkled onto the surface of ic observation.	e at -2 $^{\circ}C$, the ice melts. Exp (2 marks)			
		(2 marks			

(b)		two factors that determine the pressure exerted by solids.	(2 marks)		
(c)	(i)	A person mixed 2 kg of hot water at 70 °C with 3 kg of cold water at	22 ° <i>C</i> for		
		bathing. Given that the specific heat capacity of water is $4200 \ JkgK^{-1}$,	determine the		
		final temperature of the mixture, assuming there was no heat loss.	(3 marks)		
	•••••				
	•••••				
	(ii)	State two possible factors that can lead to heat loss in (i).	(2 marks)		
(d)	Some	e water at 60 $^{\circ}C$ was heated until it started to boil after time t seconds.			
	(i)	On the axes provided, sketch a graph of temperature against time for the			
		boiled.	(2 marks)		
		Temperature ${}^{\circ}C$			
		$\overline{\text{Time }(s)}$			

		(ii) 	Explain the shape of the graph in (i).	(2 marks)
18 . (2	a)	Expla	ain why the walls of a dam are thicker at the bottom than at the top.	(3 marks)
		•••••		
(l:)	Figu	re 7 shows a simple hydraulic lift system.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			Piston 2 A ₁ Piston 2 A ₂	
		<i>(</i> :)	Figure 7	
		(i)	Given that the areas A_1 and A_2 are 0.2 m^2 and 4 m^2 respectively, determine maximum load that can be lifted at piston 2, when a force of 200 N is a	
			1.	(3 marks)
		•••••		

	(ii)	State two reasons why water is not a suitable liquid for use in this system	n. (2 marks)
	•••••		
(c)	Figu	re 8 shows a pair of scissors.	
		Figure 8	
	(i)	On the diagram, label the load, effort and fulcrum.	(1 mark)
	(ii)	Explain how the velocity ratio of the given pair of scissors may be reduced	ed.
			(2 marks)
	•••••		
	•••••		
	(iii)	State the reason why it is important to minimize the velocity ratio.	(1 mark)

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