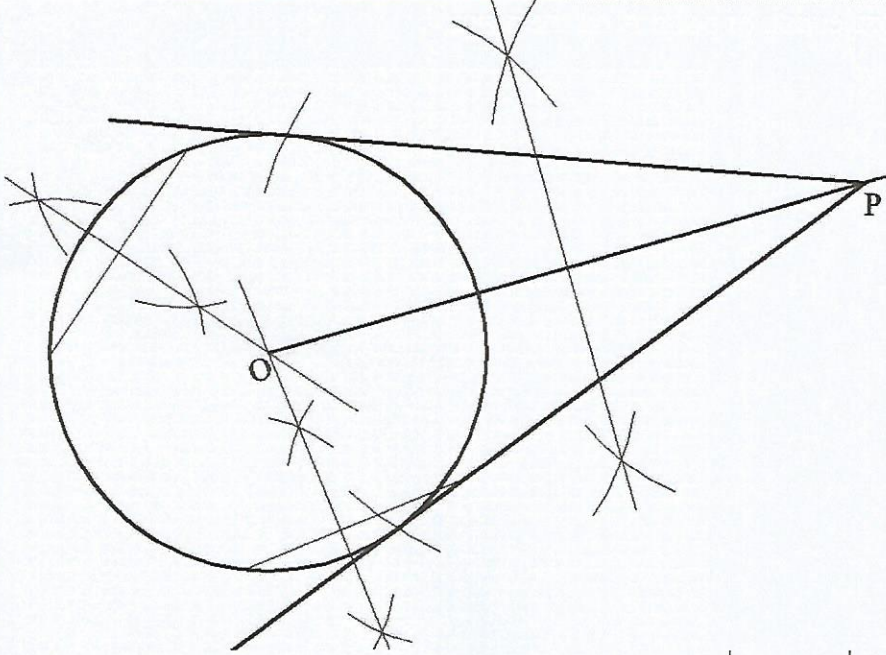
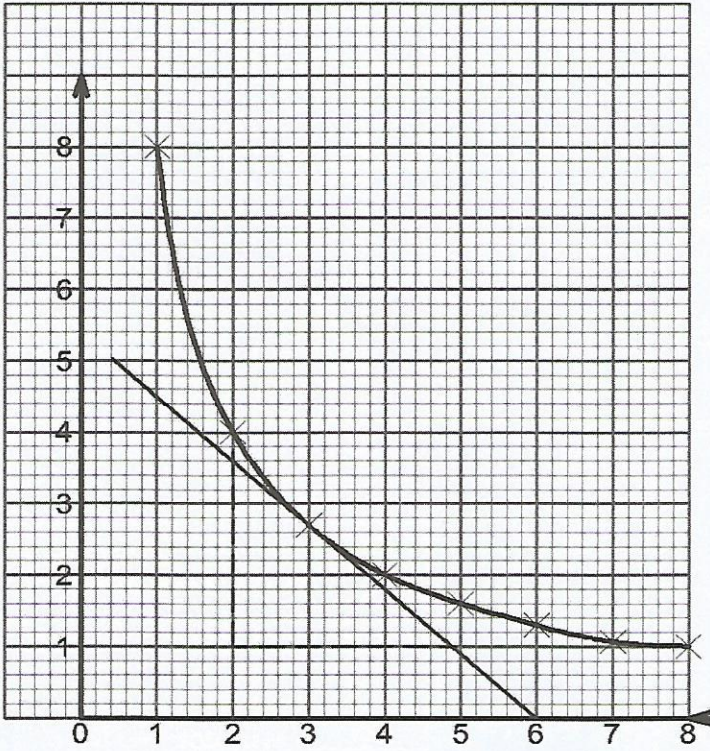


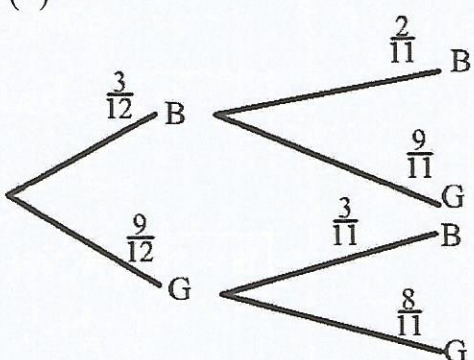
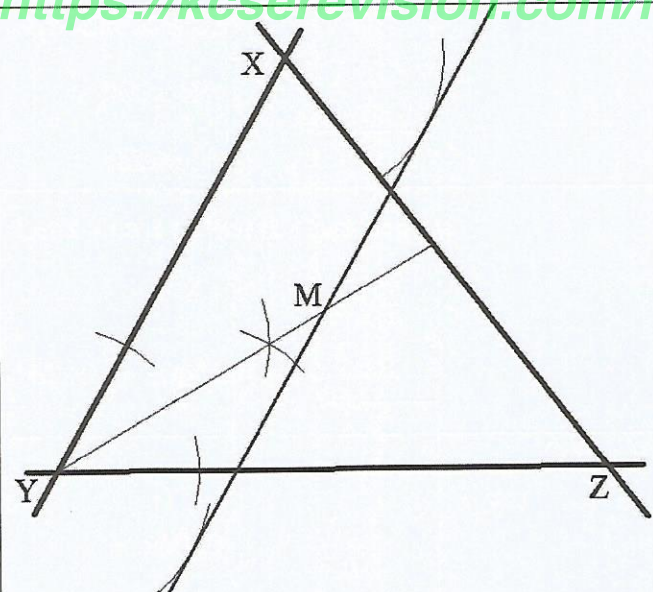
SECTION I

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
1.	Vol. of water geting to the tank in 1sec $= \frac{22}{7} \times 0.014^2 \times 2$ $= 0.001232 \text{ m}^3$ Time needed to fill tank $= \frac{18.48}{0.001232}$ $= 15000 \text{ sec}$ $= 4\frac{1}{6} \text{ hours}$	M1 M1 A1 3	
2.	$\left. \begin{aligned} n^{\text{th}} \text{ term} &= 2 \times 2^{n-1} \\ (n-1)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} &= 2 \times 2^{n-2} \end{aligned} \right\}$ $2 \times 2^{n-1} \times 2 \times 2^{n-2} = 512$ $2^{2n-1} = 2^9$ $2n-1 = 9$ $n = 5$	B1 M1 A1 3	
3.	$4 \times a \times 9 = (-30)^2$ $a = \frac{900}{36}$ $= 25$	M1 A1 2	$b^2 - 4ac = 0$
4.	$y^2 = \frac{b^2 x^2}{cx^2 - a}$ $cx^2 y^2 - ay^2 = b^2 x^2$ $cx^2 y^2 - b^2 x^2 = ay^2$ $x^2 (cy^2 - b^2) = ay^2$ $x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{ay^2}{cy^2 - b^2}}$	M1 M1 A1 3	

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
5.		B1 B1 B1 B1 4	Locating centre O $\perp$ bisector of OP Arc showing the correct position of point of contact of circle and tangent ✓ tangent drawn
6.	$P = k \frac{\sqrt{Q}}{(R - S)^2}$ New value of P after changes in Q, R and S $= k \frac{\sqrt{1.44Q}}{(0.9R - 0.9S)^2}$ $= k \frac{1.2\sqrt{Q}}{0.9^2(R - S)^2}$ $= 1.481k \frac{\sqrt{Q}}{(R - S)^2} \text{ or } 1.481P$ Percentage change in P $= \left(\frac{1.481P - P}{P} \right) \times 100$ Thus, P increases by 48.1%	B1 M1 M1 A1 4	

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
7.	Let point A' be the projection of point A on the plane GFEH $AA' = \sqrt{(5^2 - 3^2)}$ $= 4$ $FA' = \sqrt{(6^2 + 8^2)}$ $= 10$ $\tan \theta = \frac{4}{10} = 0.4$ $\theta = 21.8^\circ$	M1 M1 A1 3	Any
8.	Balance upon paying deposit : $= 20000 - 10000$ $= 10000$ Amount Repaid $= 900 \times 18$ $= 16200$ Let r = rate of interest per annum $16200 = 10000 \left(1 + \frac{\left(\frac{r}{4} \right)}{100} \right)^6$ $= 10000 \left(1 + \frac{r}{400} \right)^6$ $1 + \frac{r}{400} = \sqrt[6]{1.62} = 1.084$ $r = (1.084 - 1) \times 400$ $= 33.5\%$	B1 M1 M1 A1 4	

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
9.	(a)  (b) Gradient = $\frac{0-2.7}{6-3}$ = -0.9	P1 C1 B1 ✓ tangent drawn B1 4	
10.	(a) $\frac{360}{a} = 180$ $a = 2$ (b) Phase Angle = 70	B1 B1 2	
11.	Let θ = longitude difference between P and Q $\theta \times 60 \cos 40 = 2000$ $\theta = \frac{2000}{60 \cos 40}$ = 43.51° 155 + 43.51 = 198.51° Longitude of Q = 360° - 198.51° = 161.49° E = 161° E	M1 M1 A1 3	

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
12.	(a)  (b) P (Balls picked are of different colours) $= \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{9}{11} + \frac{9}{12} \times \frac{3}{11}$ $= \frac{27}{132} + \frac{27}{132}$ $= \frac{54}{132}$	B1 M1 A1 3	(Accept $\frac{9}{22}$)
13.	 YM = (4 ± 0.1) cm	B1 B1 B1 3	✓ construction of a straight line 2 cm from and parallel to line XY ✓ Angle bisector of $\angle XYZ$ OW -1 if point M is not marked

No.	Marking scheme	Marks	Comments
14.	$\mathbf{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \dots\dots(i)$ $\mathbf{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \dots\dots(ii)$ If PQ and PR are parallel, then $\mathbf{PQ} = k\mathbf{PR}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = k \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $k = 3$ $\therefore \mathbf{PQ} = 3\mathbf{PR}$ P is a common point Points P, Q and R are collinear	B1 B1 B1 3	For either (i) or (ii) Parallelism
15.	$3x^2 - 7(x - 1) = \frac{13x}{x} = 13$ $3x^2 - 7x - 6 = 0$ $(3x - 2)(x - 3) = 0$ $x = -\frac{2}{3} \text{ or } x = 3$	M1 M1 A1 3	
16.	$\int_1^3 (x^2 + 2x) = \left[\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 \right]_1^3$ $= \left(\frac{3^3}{3} + 9 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1 \right)$ $= 18 - 1\frac{1}{3}$ $= 16\frac{2}{3} \text{ sq. units}$	M1 M1 A1 3	

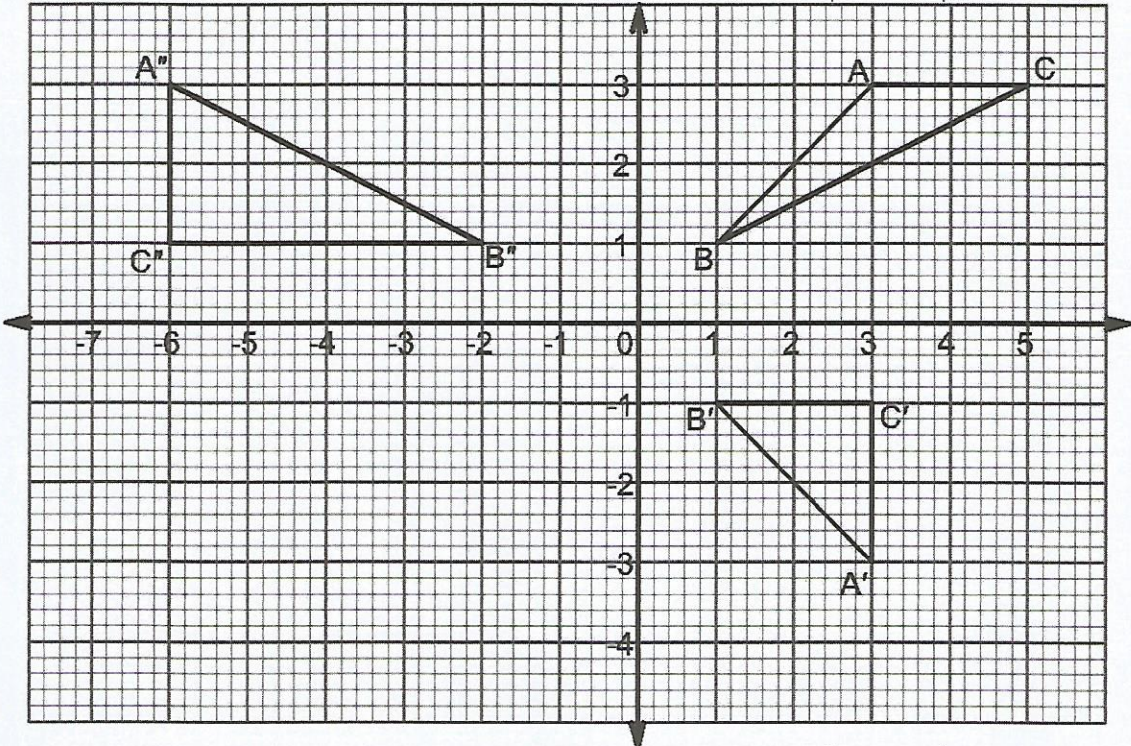
SECTION II (50 MARKS)

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
17.	(a) Fraction of tank filled by pumps P and Q in 1 hr		
	$= \frac{1}{7\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{11\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{2}{15} + \frac{4}{45}$	M1	
	$= \frac{2}{9}$		
	Fraction of tank filled by pumps P and Q in $2\frac{1}{2}$ hrs		
	$= \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{5}{2}$	M1	
	$= \frac{5}{9}$		
	Fraction of tank still empty		
	$= 1 - \frac{5}{9}$	M1	
	$= \frac{4}{9}$	A1	
	(b) Time taken by pump P alone to fill $\frac{4}{9}$ of the tank		
	$= \frac{4}{9} \div \frac{2}{15}$	M1	
	$= \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{15}{2}$		
	$= 3\frac{1}{3} \text{ hrs}$	A1	
	(c) Total time Pump P has pumped		
	$= 2\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{3}$		
	$= 5\frac{5}{6} \text{ hours}$		
	Fraction of tank delivered by pump P		
	$= \frac{2}{15} \times 5\frac{5}{6}$	M1	
	$= \frac{7}{9}$	A1	
	Amount received by proprietor of Pump P		
	$= \frac{7}{9} \times 15\,750$	M1	
	$= \text{Ksh } 12\,250$	A1	
		10	

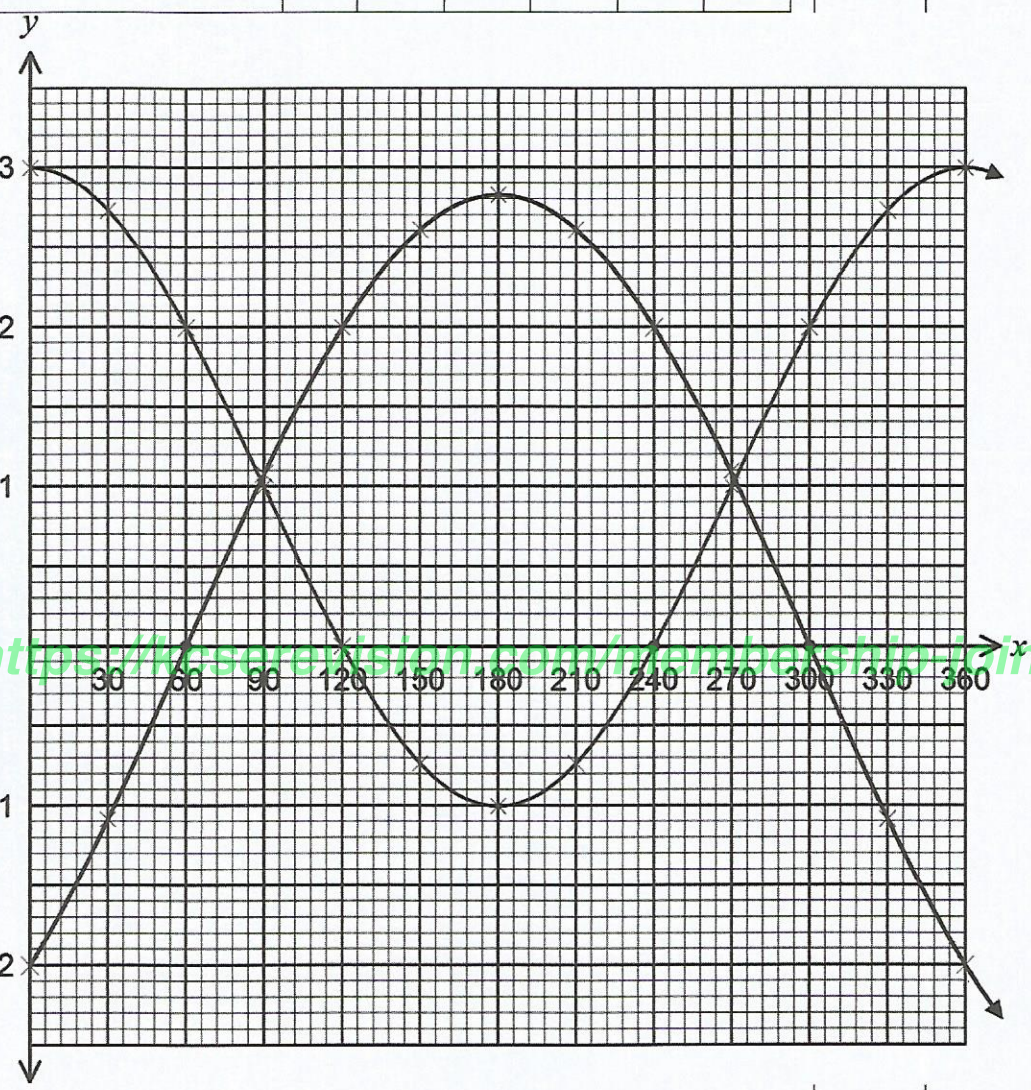
No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
18.	(a) (i) Area of lawn $= (50 - 4x)(24 - 2x)$ $= 1200 - 100x - 96x + 8x^2$ $= 1200 - 196x + 8x^2$ (ii) Area of path $= 50 \times 24 - (1200 - 196x + 8x^2)$ $= 1200 - 1200 + 196x - 8x^2$ $= 196x - 8x^2$ (b) (i) $196x - 8x^2 = \frac{3}{2}(1200 - 196x + 8x^2)$ $= 1800 - 294x + 12x^2$ $20x^2 - 490x + 1800 = 0$ $2x^2 - 49x + 180 = 0$ $(2x - 9)(x - 20) = 0$ $x = 4.5 \text{ or } x = 20$ (ii) Length of lawn $= 50 - 4 \times 4.5$ $= 32 \text{ m}$ Width of lawn $= 24 - 2 \times 4.5$ $= 15 \text{ m}$ Perimeter of lawn $= 2(32 + 15)$ $= 94 \text{ m}$	M1 A1 B1 M1 M1 M1 A1 B1 M1 A1	For $\sqrt{\text{length or width}}$ (any)
		10	

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
20.	(a) Taxable income $= 64\,500 + 12\,000 - \frac{7.5}{100} \times 64\,500$ $= \text{Ksh } 71\,662.50$ (b) Tax payable by Kanini $\left. \begin{aligned} 1^{\text{st}} \text{ slab} &= 12298 \times \frac{10}{100} = 1\,229.80 \\ 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ slab} &= 11587 \times \frac{15}{100} = 1\,738.05 \\ 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ slab} &= 11587 \times \frac{20}{100} = 2\,317.4 \\ 4^{\text{th}} \text{ slab} &= 11587 \times \frac{25}{100} = 2\,896.75 \end{aligned} \right\}$ $5^{\text{th}} \text{ slab} = 24603.5 \times \frac{30}{100} = 7\,381.05$ Total tax = 15 563.05 Tax less relief $= \text{Ksh } 15\,563.05 - 1408$ $= \text{Ksh } 14\,155.05$ (c) Total deductions $= 14\,155.05 + \frac{7.5}{100} \times 64\,500$ $= 18\,992.55$ Net income = 64 500 + 12000 - 18 992.55 $= 57\,507.45$	M1 A1 M1 M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 10	

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
21.	(a) Inverse of transformation matrix $= \frac{1}{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Coordinates of triangle ABC $= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ -3 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ Coordinates of triangle ABC are A(3, 3), B(1, 1) and C(5, 3) (b) Coordinates of triangle A"B"C" $= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ -3 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -2 & -6 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ Coordinates of triangle A"B"C" are A"(-6, 3), B"(-2, 1) and C"(-6, 1)	M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1	

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
	(c) 		
	(d) Single matrix to map ABC onto A''B''C'' $= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	B1 $\sqrt{\Delta ABC}$ drawn B1 $\sqrt{\Delta A''B''C''}$ drawn M1 A1 10	

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments																																														
22.	(a) <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Mid point x</th><th>f</th><th>xf</th><th>x²f</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>9</td><td>27</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>6</td><td>48</td><td>284</td></tr><tr><td>13</td><td>t</td><td>13t</td><td>1352</td></tr><tr><td>18</td><td>7</td><td>126</td><td>2268</td></tr><tr><td>23</td><td>4</td><td>92</td><td>2116</td></tr><tr><td>28</td><td>2</td><td>56</td><td>1568</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>$\sum f = 22 + t$</td><td>$\sum xf = 331 + 13t$</td><td>$\sum x^2 f = 7715$</td></tr></tbody></table> $\frac{331 + 13t}{22 + t} = 14.5$ $t = 8$ $\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{7715}{30} - 14.5^2}$ $= \sqrt{46.92}$ $= 6.85$ (b) <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>UCB</th><td>5.5</td><td>10.5</td><td>15.5</td><td>20.5</td><td>25.5</td><td>30.5</td></tr></thead><tbody><tr><th>C.F</th><td>3</td><td>9</td><td>17</td><td>24</td><td>28</td><td>30</td></tr></tbody></table> $Q_3 = 15.5 + \frac{5.5}{7} \times 5$ $= 19.43$ $Q_1 = 5.5 + \frac{4.5}{6} \times 5$ $= 9.25$ Interquartile range $Q_3 - Q_1 = 19.43 - 9.25$ $= 10.18$	Mid point x	f	xf	x ² f	3	3	9	27	8	6	48	284	13	t	13t	1352	18	7	126	2268	23	4	92	2116	28	2	56	1568		$\sum f = 22 + t$	$\sum xf = 331 + 13t$	$\sum x^2 f = 7715$	UCB	5.5	10.5	15.5	20.5	25.5	30.5	C.F	3	9	17	24	28	30	B1 B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 B1 M1 Any M1 A1 10	fx (with t) fx²(without t)
Mid point x	f	xf	x ² f																																														
3	3	9	27																																														
8	6	48	284																																														
13	t	13t	1352																																														
18	7	126	2268																																														
23	4	92	2116																																														
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UCB	5.5	10.5	15.5	20.5	25.5	30.5																																											
C.F	3	9	17	24	28	30																																											

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments																					
23.	(a) <table><tr><th>x</th><th>30°</th><th>90°</th><th>150°</th><th>210°</th><th>300°</th><th>330°</th></tr><tr><td>$2\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) - 2\cos\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$</td><td></td><td>1.1</td><td>2.6</td><td>2.6</td><td></td><td>-1.1</td></tr><tr><td>$1+2\cos x$</td><td>2.7</td><td></td><td></td><td>-0.7</td><td>2</td><td></td></tr></table> 	x	30°	90°	150°	210°	300°	330°	$2\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) - 2\cos\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$		1.1	2.6	2.6		-1.1	$1+2\cos x$	2.7			-0.7	2		B2	All 7 ✓ Allow B1 for any 5 ✓
x	30°	90°	150°	210°	300°	330°																		
$2\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) - 2\cos\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$		1.1	2.6	2.6		-1.1																		
$1+2\cos x$	2.7			-0.7	2																			
		P1 C1 $y = 2\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$ P1 C1 $y = 1 + 2\cos x$																						

No.	Marking scheme	Mark	Comments
24.	(a) $v = \int (4t - 13) dt$ $= 2t^2 - 13t + c$ when $t = 0, v = 18$ $18 = 2 \times 0 - 13 \times 0 + c$ $c = 18$ $v = 2t^2 - 13t + 18$ When $v = 0$ $2t^2 - 13t + 18 = 0$ $(2t - 9)(t - 2) = 0$ $t = 2 \text{ or } t = 4.5$ (b) Distance covered by particle Area above x axis $\int_1^2 (2t^2 - 13t + 18) dt$ $= \left[\frac{2}{3}t^3 - \frac{13}{2}t^2 + 18t \right]_1^2$ $= \left[\frac{2}{3} \times 2^3 - \frac{13}{2} \times 2^2 + 18 \times 2 \right] - \left[\frac{2}{3} \times 1^3 - \frac{13}{2} \times 1^2 + 18 \times 1 \right]$ $= \left[\frac{16}{3} - 26 + 36 \right] - \left[\frac{2}{3} - \frac{13}{2} + 18 \right]$ $= 15\frac{1}{3} - 12\frac{1}{6}$ $= 3\frac{1}{6}$ Area below x axis $= \left[\frac{2}{3} \times 3^3 - \frac{13}{2} \times 3^2 + 18 \times 3 \right] - 15\frac{1}{3}$ $= \left[18 - \frac{117}{2} + 54 \right] - 15\frac{1}{3}$ $= -1\frac{5}{6}$ $= 1\frac{5}{6}$ Total area $= 3\frac{1}{6} + 1\frac{5}{6}$ $= 5 \text{ m}$	M1 A1 M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 B1	
		10	