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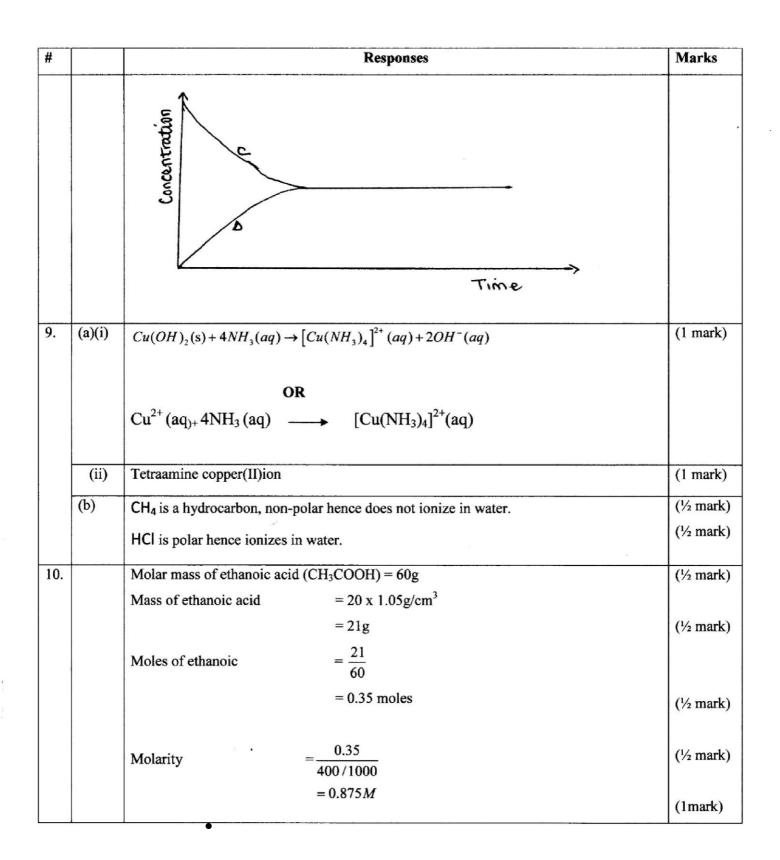
KCSE 2017

4.7 CHEMISTRY (233)

4.7.1 Chemistry Paper 1 (233/1)

#		Responses	Marks
1.	(a)	- Ionisation energy decreases down the group 1 elements.	(1 mark)
		- This is because atomic radii increases from A to C (down the group) /outermost	
		electron is far from nucleus hence requires less energy to be lost during reaction.	
			(1 mark)
	(b)	Electron configuration of ion of C- 2.8.8	(1 mark)
2.		x = 231	(1 mark)
		<i>y</i> = 90	(1 mark)
3.	(a)	Carbon electrode (Anode) / Graphite electrode.	(1 mark)
	(b)	To allow movement of ions / to have it as an electrolyte. When dry, the ions are	(1 mark)
		immobile.	
	(c)	It is the cathode / negative electrode.	(1 mark)
4.	(a)	To ensure all the oxide was reduced.	(1 mark)
	(b)	Mass of oxygen $6.69 - 6.21 = 0.48g$ Pb O	(½ mark)
		$\frac{6.21}{207}$ $\frac{0.48}{16}$	(½ mark)
		$\begin{array}{c} 0.03 \\ \hline 0.03 \\ \hline 0.03 \\ \end{array} \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} 0.03 \\ \hline 0.03 \\ \hline \end{array}$	(½ mark)
		1 : 1 E.F - PbO	(½ mark)
5.	(a)	B is sodium propanoate	(1 mark)
		Accept formula : C ₂ H ₅ COONa / CH ₃ CH ₂ COONa	
	(b)	$2C_2H_{6(g)} + 7O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 4CO_{2_{(g)}} + 6H_2O_{(l)}$	(1 mark)
	(c)	• as Fuel,	(1 mark)

#		Responses	Marks
-		• production of ethene gas,	
		 production of hydrogen gas. 	
6.		Charles' Law	
	(a)	The volume of a fixed mass of a gas is directly proportional to the absolute temperature	
		at constant pressure.	(1 mark)
	(b)	As the volume decreases, there is increased bombardment / collisions of the molecules	
		against the walls of the container, hence increased pressure.	(2 marks)
7.		 Add aqueous barium nitrate / barium chloride to sample; 	(1 mark)
		Followed by dilute nitric(V) acid or HCI;	(1 mark)
		• If white precipitate persists, then SO ₄ ²⁻ ions are present;	(½ mark)
		• If the precipitate dissolves then $SO_4^{2^-}$ ions are absent.	(½ mark)
		OR	
		Add lead(II) nitrate solution	
8.	(a)	The concentrations of reactants and products remain constant or Rate of forward reaction	
		is equal to the rate of backward reaction.	(1 mark)
	(b)	Contraction of the second of t	(1 mark) (1 mark)
		OR	

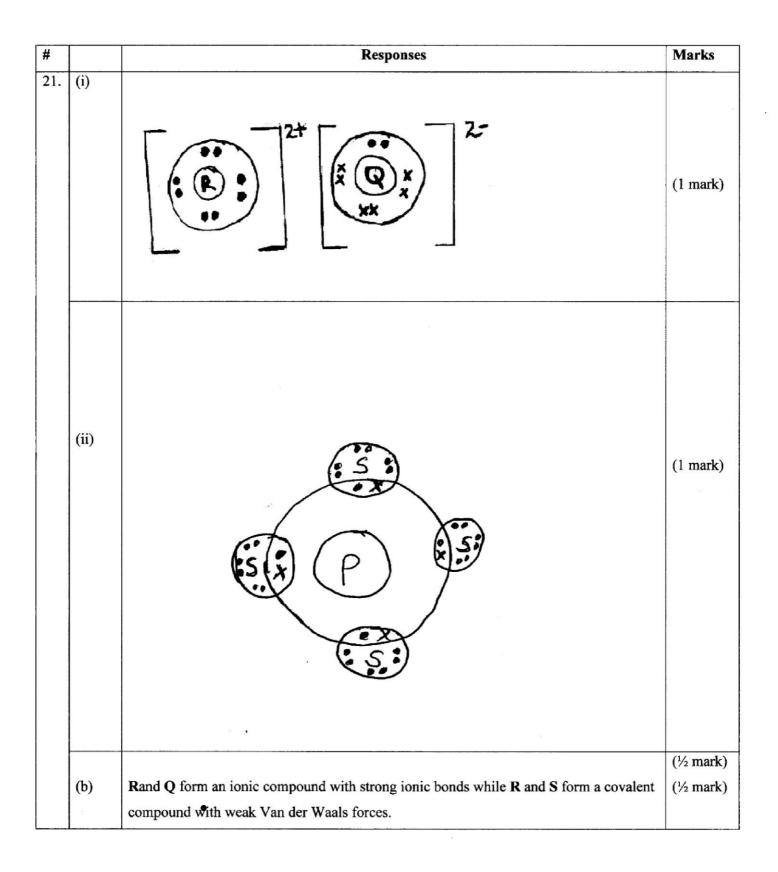


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#		Responses	Marks
11.	(a)	$2K + (5 \times -2) = 0$	(½ mark)
		2K = +10	
	5	K=+5	(½ mark)
	(b)	Group 5	(1 mark)
12.		Pomosium nitrate (1/2) Pomosium nitrate (1/2) Pomosi	(3 marks)
		• Heating - 1mark	
		 method of collection -1 mark 	
		 workability-1mark 	
13.		A dark grey / brown solid is deposited / the solution turns black;	(1 mark)
		chlorine is more reactive / a stronger oxidizing agent than iodine;	(1 mark)
		Therefore displaces it from a solution of its ions.	(1 mark)
		OR	
		$\operatorname{Cl}_2(g) + 2I^{-}(aq) \longrightarrow 2 \operatorname{Cl}^{-}(aq) + I_2(S)$	
14.	(a)	Phosphorus and chlorine	(1 mark)
	(b)	$CaO_{(s)} + 2HCl_{(aq)} \rightarrow CaCl_{2(aq)} + H_2O_{(l)}$	(1 mark)
	(c)	- used to neutralize acidic soil / liming;	(1 mark)
		- drying agent;	
		(Any 1 correct @ 1 mark)	

#		Responses	Marks
15.		To copper turnings, add 50% concentration H_2SO_4 or HNO_3 / Heat copper turnings to	(1 mark)
		form copper(II) oxide and add dilute H ₂ SO ₄ or HNO ₃ or HCl;	(1 mark)
		To the resulting mixture, add excess sodium carbonate (soluble)	(½ mark)
		Filter mixture;	(½ mark)
		Rinse residue with water and dry between filter papers.	
16.		The mixture changed from green to yellow / formation of a brown gas;	(1 mark)
		Iron(II) ions is oxidized by nitric(V) acid to Iron(III) ions / nitric(V) acid is reduced to	(1 mark)
		nitrogen(II) oxide which is oxidized by oxygen to nitrogen(IV) oxide.	
17.	(a)	Sodium hydroxide solution or Potassium hydroxide solution;	(1 mark)
	(b)	$2Cu_{(s)} + O_{2_{(g)}} \rightarrow 2CuO_{(s)}$	(1 mark)
	(c)	Argon, Neon, (Inert gases)	(1 mark)
18.	(a)	Moderately concentration nitric(V) acid / 50% concentrated nitric(V) acid.	
			(1 mark)
	(b)	Colourless nitrogen(II) oxide (NO) is oxidized to brown nitrogen(IV) oxide (NO ₂).	
		(1 mark)	
	(c)	$3Cu(s) + 8HNO_3(aq) \rightarrow 3Cu(NO_3)_2(aq) + 4H2O + 2NO$	(1 mark)
19.	(a)	- Concentration of acid and base ;	(½ mark)
		- Volume of acid used.	(½ mark)
	(b)	- Improves accuracy;	(½ mark)
		- Polystyrene is a plastic and will not absorb heat /minimum heat loss;	
			(1/2 mark)
20.	(a)	K – Ethanoic acid / (CH ₃ COOH)	(1 mark)
		L –Ethene	(1 mark)
	(b)	Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) OR acidified potassium manganate(VII)	
			(1 mark)
			(I mark)



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#		Responses	Marks
22.	(a)	Inert electrode is one which does not participate in the reaction / does not affect the	
		products of electrolysis / does not react;	(1 mark)
	(b)	Anode - chlorine;	(1 mark)
		Cathode - Hydrogen;	(1 mark)
23.		-Measure the boiling point / freezing point;	(1 mark)
		-If the boiling point /freezing point is sharp, then liquid is pure.	(1 mark)
24.	(a)	$4M_{(s)} + K_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2M_2 K_{(s)}$	(1 mark)
		OR	
		$4K(s) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2K_2O(s)$	
	(h)	$\frac{1}{L}$	(1 mark)
	(b)		(1 mark)
25	(c)	J should be placed in period 3, group 5 of the periodic table.	
25.		- Graphite consists of layers of carbon atoms;	(1 mark)
		- The layers are held together by the weak Van der Waals forces of attraction;	(1 mark)
		- These layers therefore slide over each other thus preventing machine to machine	(1 mark)
24		contact.	(1 montr)
26.	(a)	Removal of original colour from a substance and the remaining substance is white /	(1 mark)
		colourless ; NaClO / NaOCl	(1 montr)
	(b)		(1 mark)
07	(c)	Kill germs / bacteria / microorganisms	(1 mark)
27.	(a)	rock salt /NaCl / trona ;	$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark})$
		• salt petre/ NaNO ₃ .	(½ mark)
	(b)	To lower the melting point from 800°C to about 600°C;	(1 mark)
	(c)	• street lighting;	
		 coolant in nuclear reactors; 	(1 mark)
		• extraction of titanium;	
		• extraction of gold;	
		 manufacture of sodium cyanide; 	
		 manufacture of sodium peroxide. 	
		(Any one correct @ 1mk)	
28	. (a)(i)	•	(1 mark)
		$\supset \mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C} \leq \mathbf{OR} - \mathbf{C} \equiv \mathbf{C} - \text{absent}$	
		Alkene, alkyne/ unsaturated hydrocarbon absent	
	(ii)	-OH/R - OH present	(1 mark)
	(b)	Lower a burning splint to the gas, a 'pop' sound should be produced showing it is	(1 mark)
		hydrogen.	